MEG II実験における 陽電子タイミングカウンターの 運用・較正手法の改善

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Core-to-Core Program



Outline

- Introduction
 - $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ process
 - MEG II experiment
 - pixelated Timing Counter (pTC)
- Improvement idea for pTC analysis.

- > Weighted mean method
 - Setup
 - Position & Energy dependence of timing resolution

ResultSummary & Prospect

$\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ process



One of charged lepton flavor violating (cLFV) decays, which is forbidden in the Standard Model.

➤ Many of the new physics beyond the Standard Model (BSM) predict that the branching ratio is O (10⁻¹³) – O(10⁻¹⁴) where an undiscovered particle in O(10) TeV mediates the process.

→ Upper limit on the branching ratio was obtained by the MEG experiment: $\mathcal{B}(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-13}$ (90% C.L.)

MEG II experiment

Upgrade of the MEG experiment to aim for the most sensitive $\mu \rightarrow$ $e \gamma$ search at:

$$\mathcal{B}(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma) \sim 6 \times 10^{-14}$$

 $\succ \mu$: most intense μ^+ DC beam at Paul Scherrer Institute (~ $10^8 \mu^+$ /s) γ : detected by LXe e^+ : detected by pTC & CDCH



pixelated Timing Counter (pTC)





A highly segmented (256 pixels ×2) scintillation detector on two semi-cylindrical super modules.

Each pixel consists of a 12 cm × 4 cm (5 cm) × 5mm plastic scintillator read by series connection of 6 SiPMs attached to both side.

6 SiPMs

pixelated Timing Counter (pTC)





PCBs

Aims to achieve the precise decay time of muons and efficient trigger information on the positron side.

Multiple hit scheme significantly improves the overall time resolution.

2021/9/14

pixelated Timing Counter (pTC)

> Overall time resolution ~38 ps (expectation value) whereas 90-100 ps for a single hit.

 \blacktriangleright An average number of hits for signal e^{+.} is ~9.



= -38 ps

Improvement idea for pTC analysis

➤ In the original pTC analysis, the hit time in a single pixel is obtained as the simple mean of the constant fraction times of the 2 channels.

➤ In addition, the positron time is obtained as the simple mean of all the hit times in its track.

For a better time reconstruction, appropriate weights from timing resolution which depend on each hit position and energy deposit are considered to be implemented.

K.Yanai, "Research on Long-term Operation and Analysis Method of Positron Timing Counter in MEG II Experiment". Master thesis. 2020.

Setup



Using 2019 commissioning data, where only a part of Upstream pTC was operated.

 \geq 1.4 million Michel decay events.

5mm bins for widths and heights [-6 < x < 6 cm, -2(.5) < y < 2 (.5) cm]
0.05 MeV bins for energy deposit [0 < edep < 5 MeV]
Hit position and reference time is reconstructed by TC self tracking.

Position dependence

There is hit position dependence of timing resolution which is better in near side.





Energy deposit dependence

There is also energy deposit dependence of timing resolution for single hit.



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Formula



Intra-pixel weighting at single counter for its 2 channels.

Inter-pixel weighting for multiple hit in a track.

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Result

> Overall resolution :

Simple mean: 43.2 ps

~ 4.2% improve.

Weighted mean: 41.4 ps



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Summary & Prospect

The pixelated Timing Counter (pTC) in the MEG II experiment aims to achieve the precise decay time of muons and efficient trigger information on the positron side.

For more precise time reconstruction of pTC, weighting hit position and energy deposit dependence of time resolution had been suggested.

> The weighted mean method has been confirmed as effective.

There are some challenges for implementation, such as creating a weight template with as small number of parameters as possible.



pTC operation in next 3 years engineering run

> The first chance for full channel operation.

> Operation and calibration methods have been basically developed.

 \succ More refine is need for them.

Only hit position dependence weight



Previous Research for Run2017

Table 10.1: The effects of the new algorithms on the pTC resolution using the pER2017 data.

Algorithm	pTC resolution	Resolution improvement
Simple mean	$\sim 36.0\mathrm{ps}$	
Energy deposit inter-pixel weight	$\sim 34.6\mathrm{ps}$	$\sim 4.6\%$
Hit position intra-pixel weight	$\sim 35.6\mathrm{ps}$	$\sim 1.1\%$
Hit position intra- and inter-pixel weight	$\sim 35.4\mathrm{ps}$	$\sim 1.8\%$

K.Yanai, "Research on Long-term Operation and Analysis Method of Positron Timing Counter in MEG II Experiment". Master thesis. 2020.