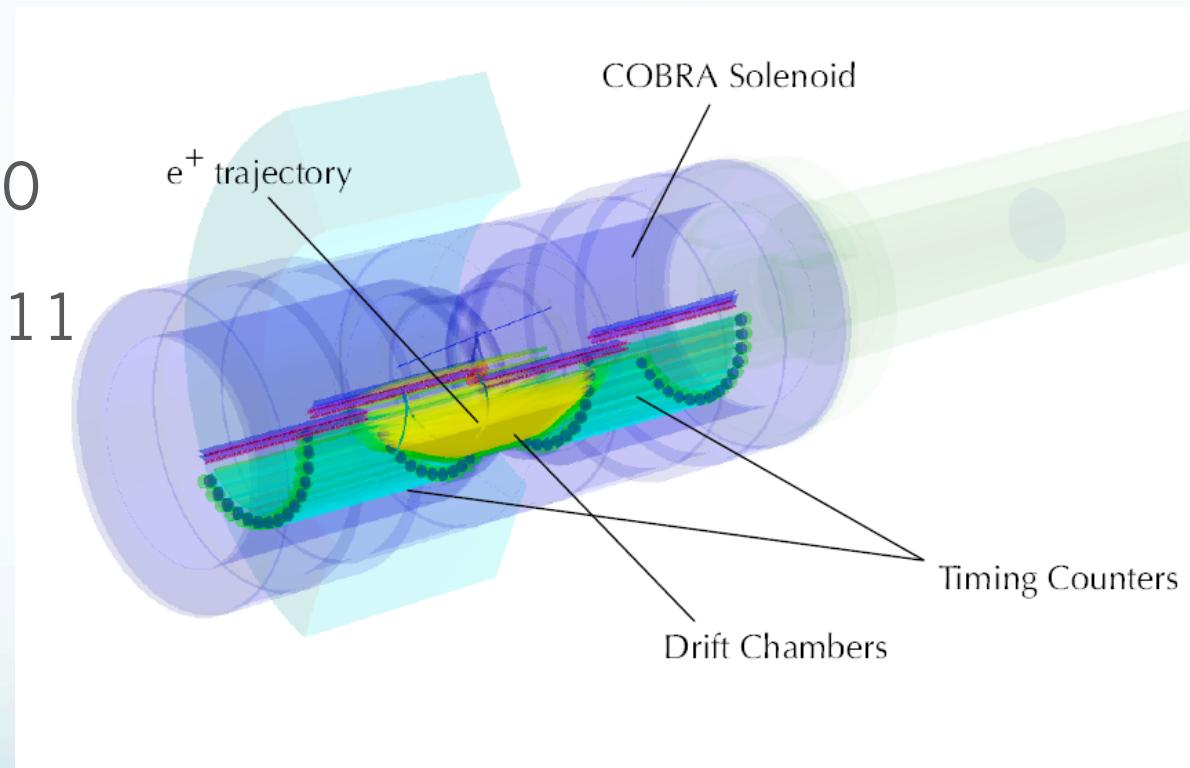


MEG実験 陽電子スペクトロメータの 性能と今後の展望

Yuki Fujii
On behalf of the MEG collaboration
JPS meeting @ Hirosaki University
17th Sep. 2011

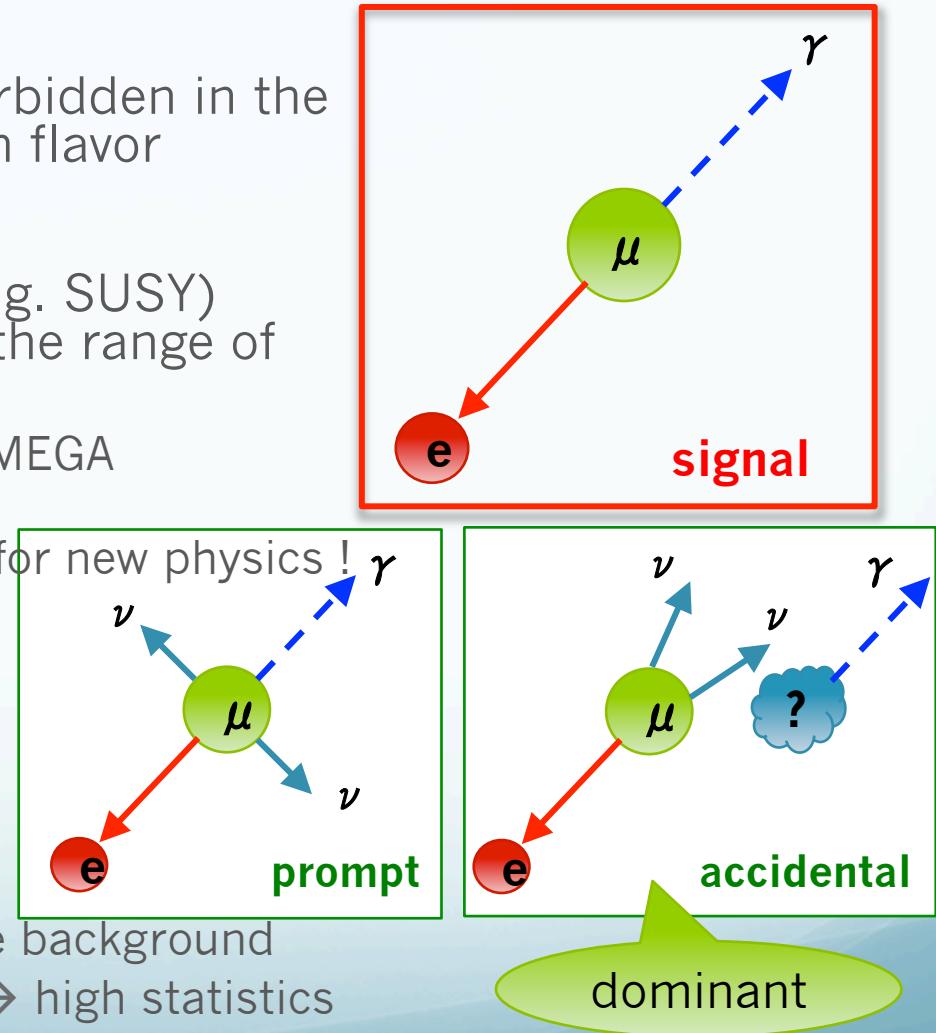
Outline

- Introduction
- Run 2009 & 2010
- Status of run 2011
- Noise reduction
- Summary and prospects



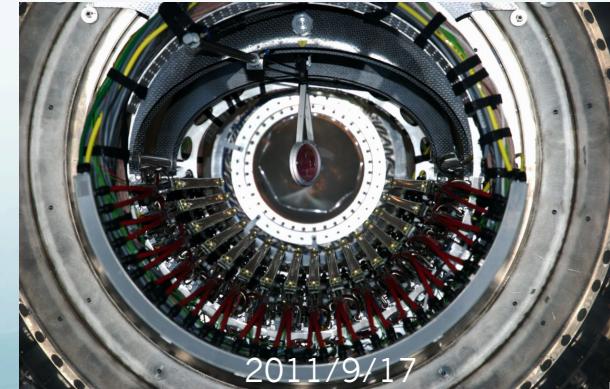
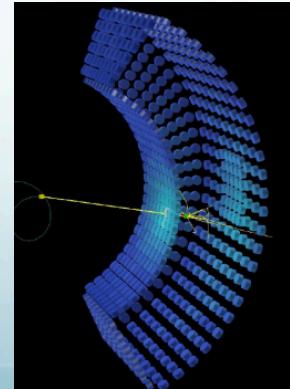
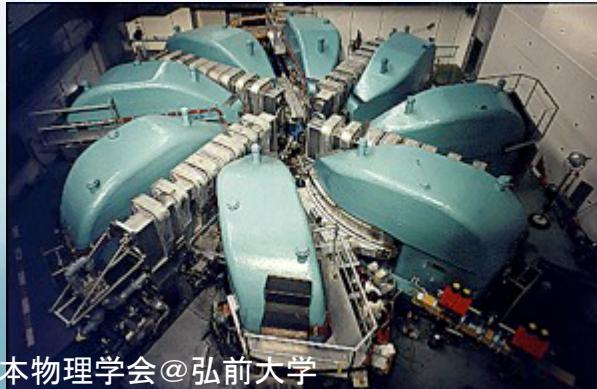
Introduction

- The decay of $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ is strictly forbidden in the standard model because of lepton flavor conservation
- BUT... some of beyond the SM (e.g. SUSY) predict this decay can happen in the range of $10^{-11}\text{--}10^{-15}$
 - Previous upper limit is 1.2×10^{-11} (MEGA experiment)
 - $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ is a good probe to search for new physics !
- Background
 - Radiative decay (prompt)
 - Michel decay + γ (accidental)
- Experimental requirement
 - High resolution** detector → reduce background
 - Operation under **high luminosity** → high statistics



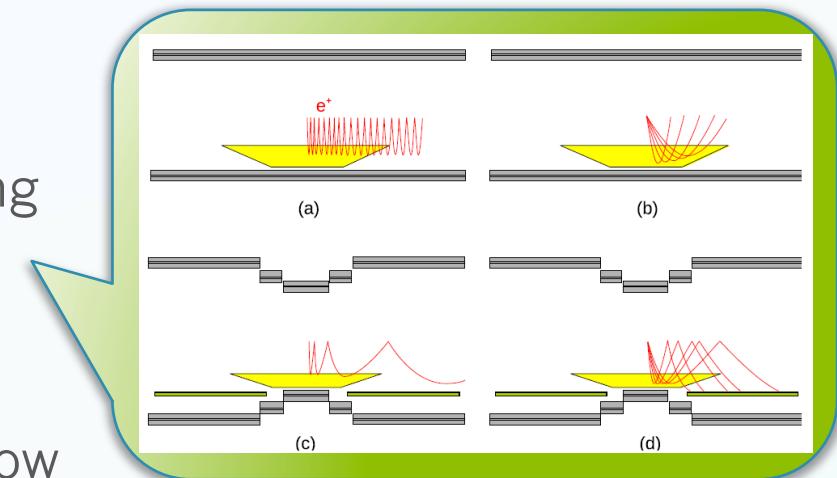
Introduction

- The MEG experiment started to search for $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ in 2008
 - World's most intense DC μ^+ beam @ PSI
 - 900 liter large Xenon calorimeter → (白:17pSE2, 金子:17pSE3)
 - **The COBRA (COntant Bending RAdius) spectrometer → main topic**
- Result 2009 & 2010 : $\text{Br}(\mu \rightarrow e \gamma) < 2.4 \times 10^{-12}$ (90 % C.L.)
 - **5 times lower than previous one**
→ (大谷:18aSJ4, 岩本:19aSD7, 澤田:19aSD8)
- Our sensitivity goal is a few $\times 10^{-13}$
 - **Performance improvement is essential !**



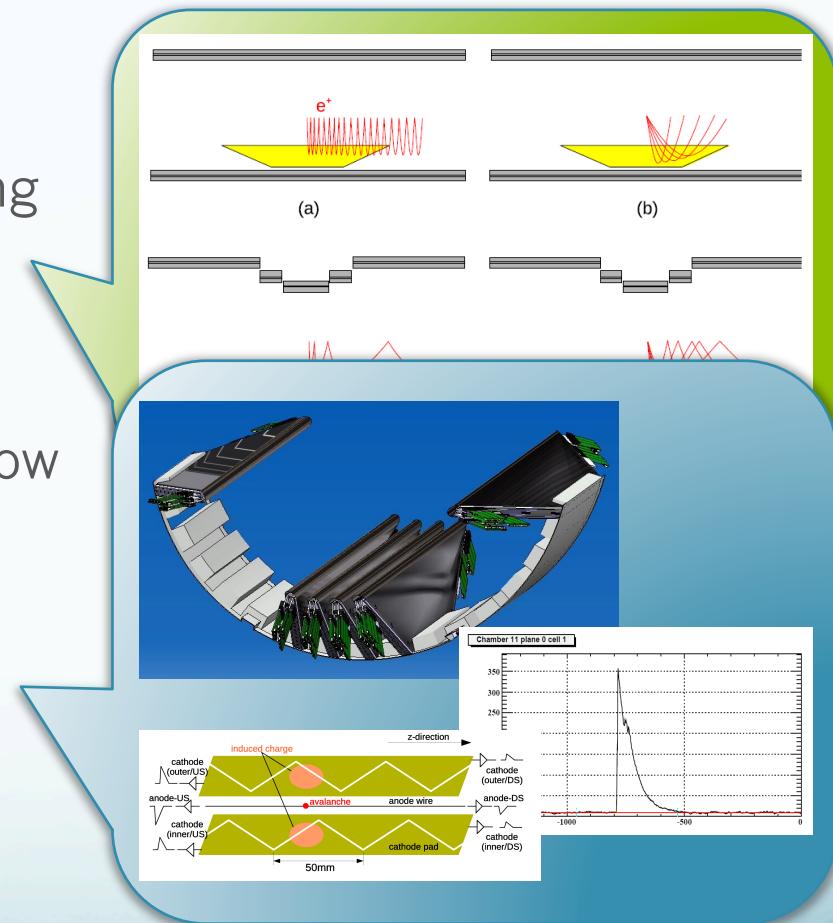
Introduction

- The COBRA spectrometer
 - **COBRA magnet** : fast sweeping low momentum e^+ and get uniform angular response for signal e^+
 - **Drift chamber** : e^+ tracking, low mass materials to reduce the production of background gamma ray
 - Vernier pattern method
 - Waveform data acquisition
 - **Timing counter** : e^+ timing, bar counters (ϕ measuring) + fiber counters (z measuring)



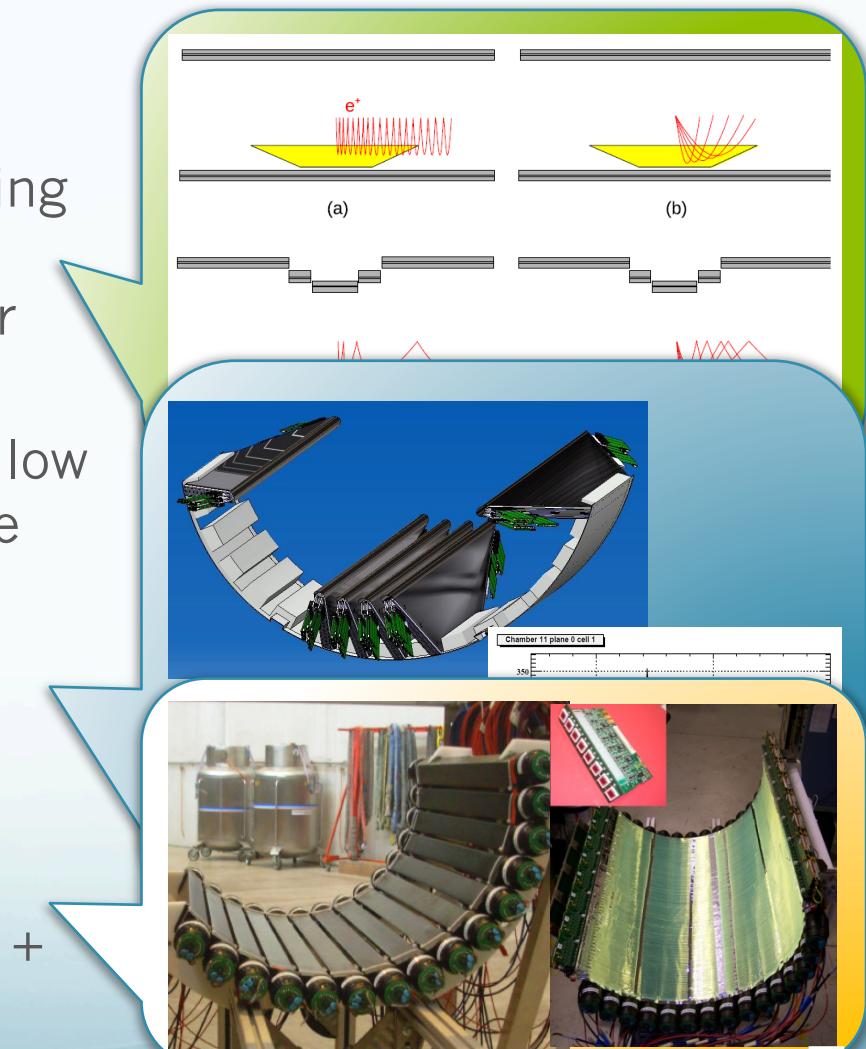
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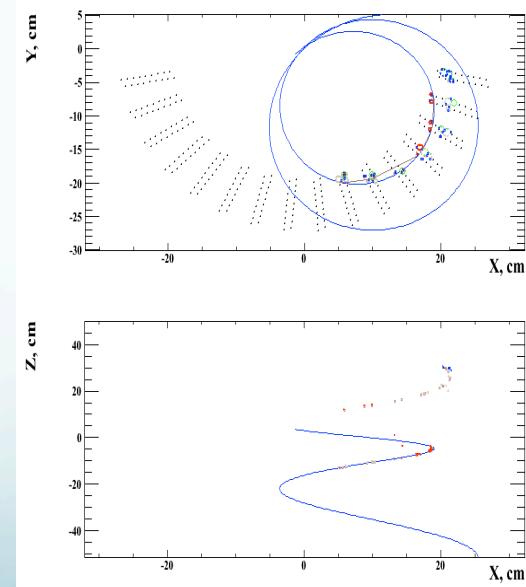
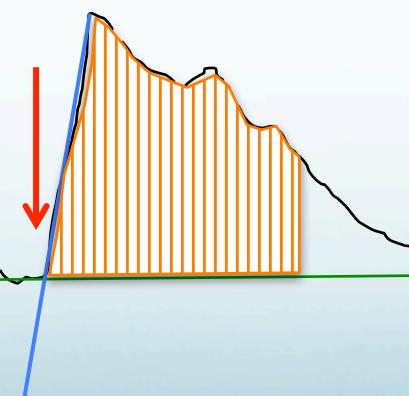
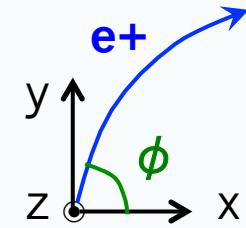
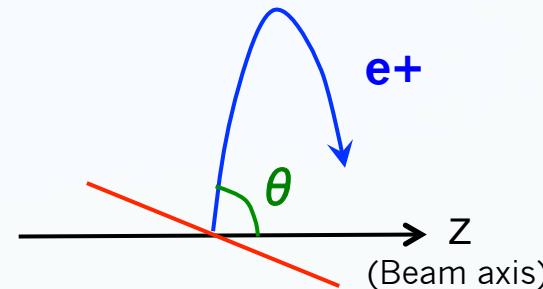
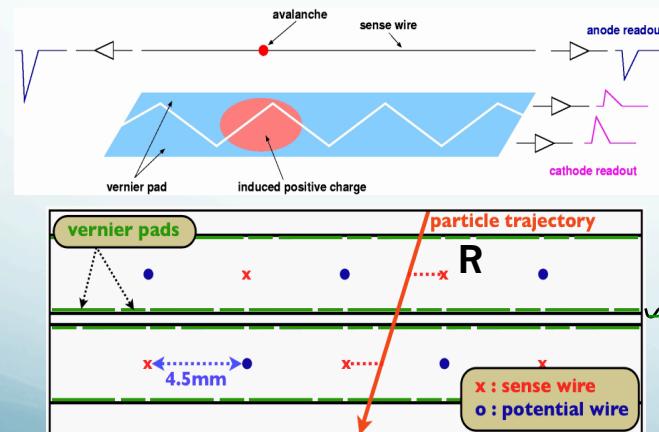
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Introduction

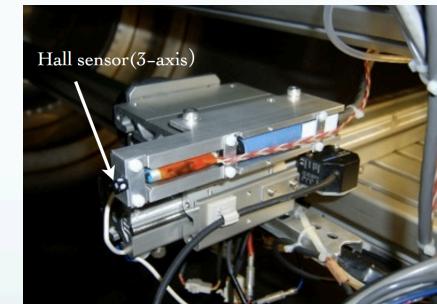
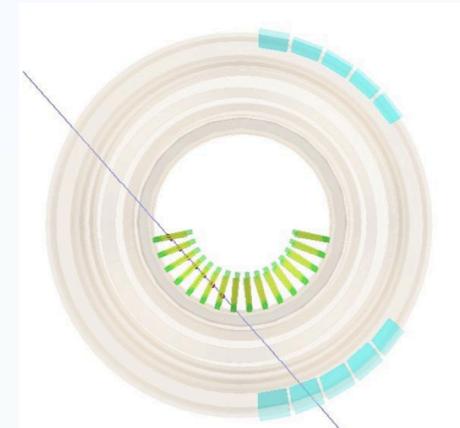
- **Positron measurement**

- Coordinate system
- Hit reconstruction
 - $R \rightarrow$ time reading edge
 - $Z \rightarrow$ charge division w/ Vernier pad
- Track reconstruction
 - Kalman filter

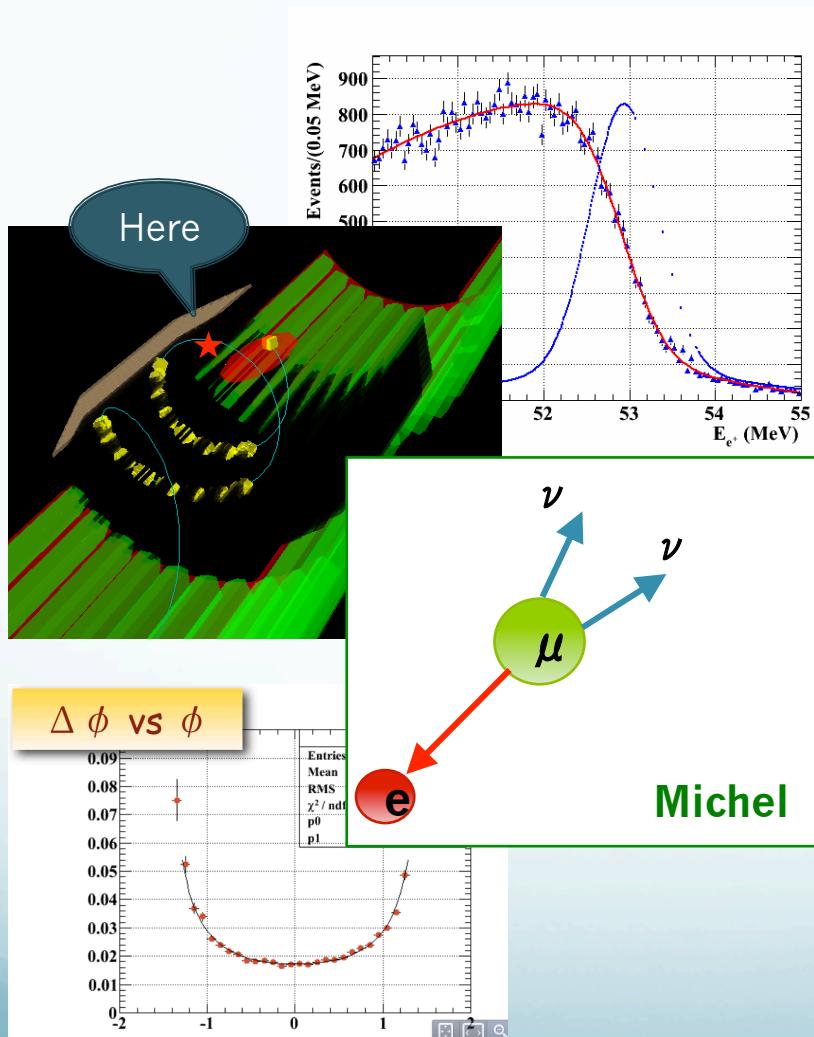


Run 2009 & 2010

- Run and analysis summary of 2009 and 2010
- Drift chamber alignment
→ Millipede using cosmic rays
- COBRA Magnetic field
→ reconstructed field
 - B_ϕ and B_r are corrected a possible misalignment of hole probe to conserve the Maxwell's equations from measured B_z
- All APDs off because of noise problem
- Drift chamber waveform in 2010 was a little noisier than in 2009 (σ of pedestal : ~ 1.8 mV → ~ 2.0 mV)



Run 2009 & 2010



- Performance estimation
 - **Momentum resolution :** Michel edge fitting and double turn events
 - **Angular & vertex resolutions :** Double turn events
- **Efficiency :** count #of MD
- **Correlations :** sideband data

Run 2009 & 2010

- All performance of the e+ spectrometer are estimated by data itself (radiative decay events, Michel decay events, and so on)

	2009	2010
E_e	330 keV (core 82 %)	330 keV (core 79 %)
ϕ (at $\phi=0$)	6.7 mrad	7.2 mrad
θ	9.4 mrad	11.0 mrad
Z	0.15 cm	0.20 cm
Y	0.11 cm (core 87 %)	0.11 cm (core 85 %)
$T_{e\gamma}$ (RMD)	150 psec	130 psec
ϵ_{Michel}	40 %	34 %

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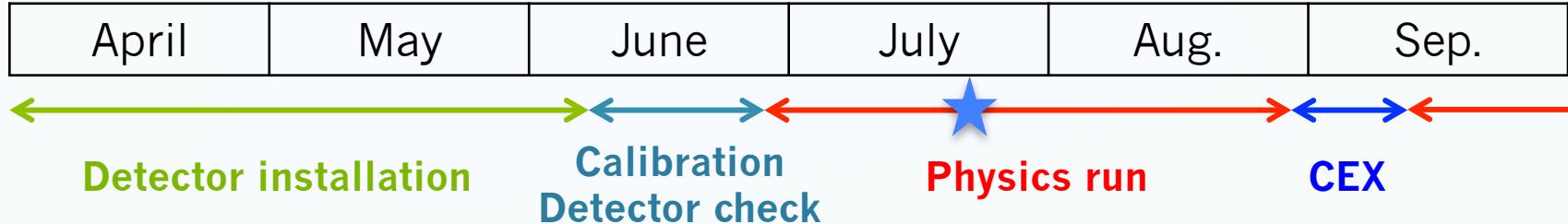
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Noise
 +
 increased dead channels

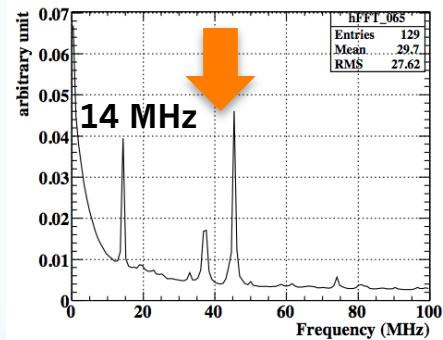
Better DRS clock

Increased dead channels

Status of 2011

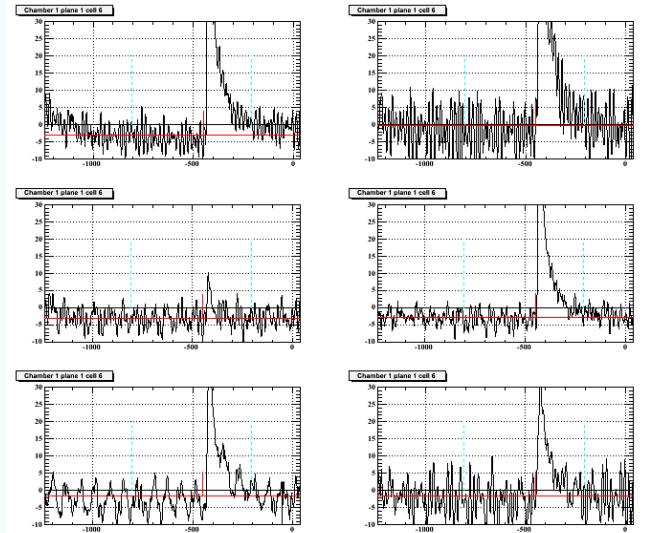


- 7 drift chamber modules were replaced because of increased remaining current or frequent trip
- Physics data taking started at the end of June
- In 2009 and 2010, only 14 MHz noise is dominant
 - reduced by adjusting charge integration time
 - other noise components appeared (>30 MHz from APD fiber counters)
- Working of hardware noise reduction was done in the middle of July
 - Change HV module for drift chambers and turn off noisy APD channels



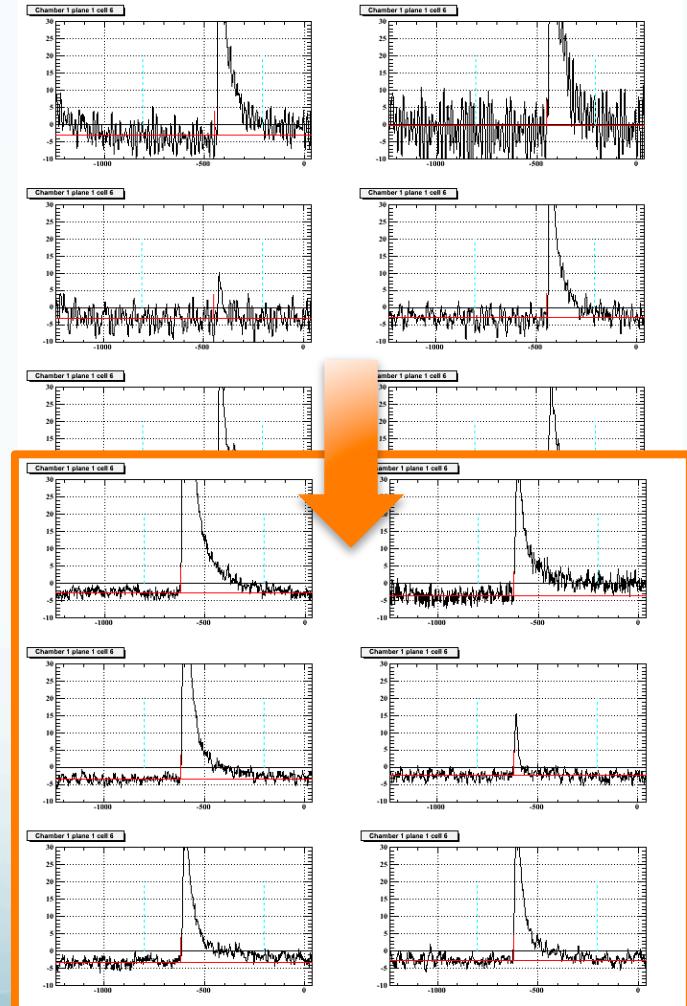
Status of 2011

- At the beginning of 2011 run, noise situation was the worst...
- But



Status of 2011

- At the beginning of 2011 run, noise situation was the worst...
- After hardware modifications, the lowest noise condition realized !**
- The APD fiber counters are partially operational now (not all)
 - Data quality to be checked



Noise reduction

- Performance of noisy runs and low noise runs
 - compare 2 condition by checking single hit resolutions (residuals between reconstructed wire hit and reconstructed track)
 - Single hit resolutions are estimated from double Gaussian fitting

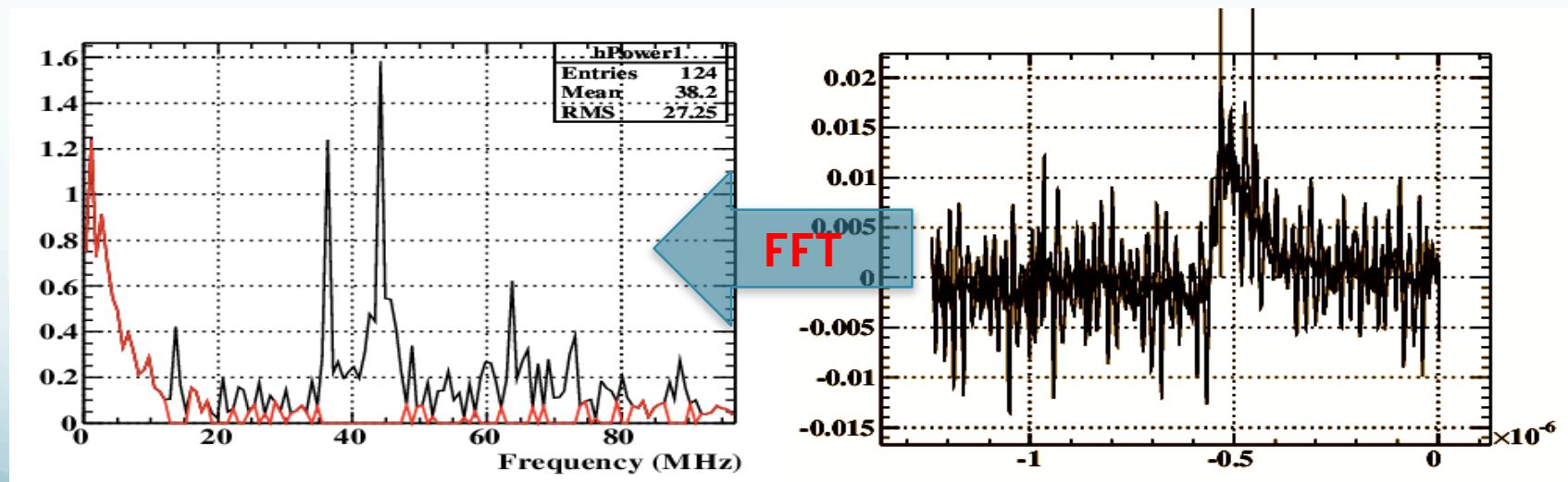
~ 1 month data taking

	2010	2011 (noisy)	2011 (low noise)
Intrinsic Z (um)	668 (core 56 %)	758 (core 52 %)	710 (core 56 %)
Intrinsic R (um)	209 (core 66 %)	233 (core 66 %)	197 (core 67 %)

- Give up noisy data to improve ? → **OF COURSE NO !**
- Filtering
 - Low pass filter → small contribution
 - High pass filter → distort the shape of signal pulse
 - FFT

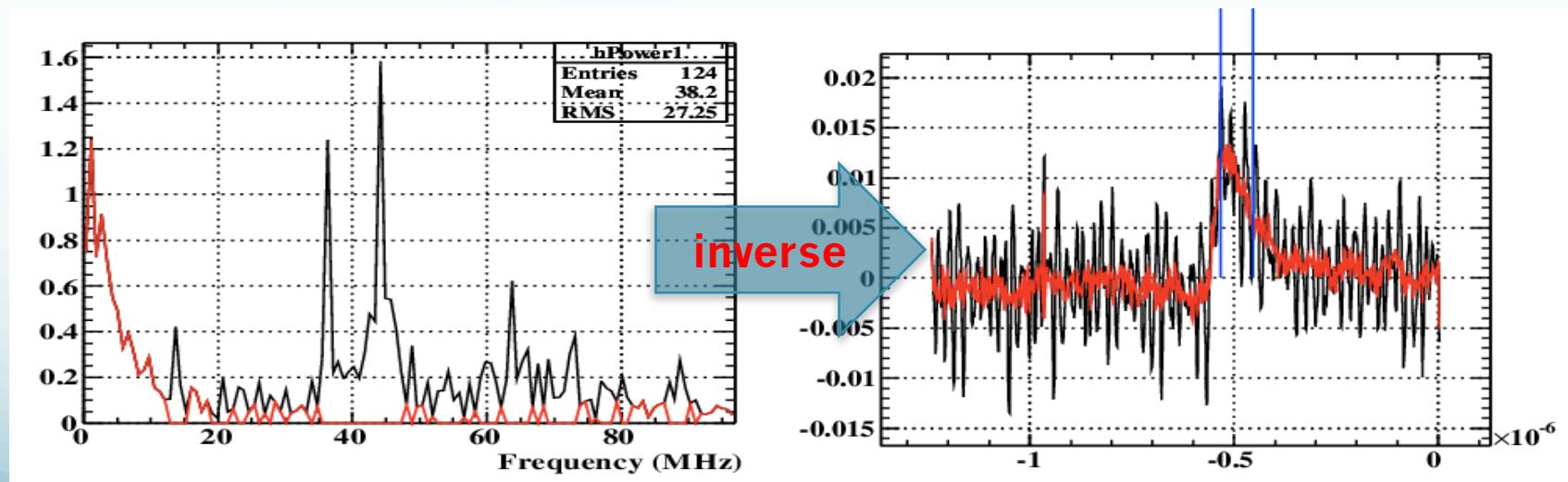
Noise reduction

- Large periodical noises are eliminated in FFT power spectrum from DCH waveform
- After that, filtered spectrum is transformed inverse to the waveform
 - Charge integration done for filtered waveform



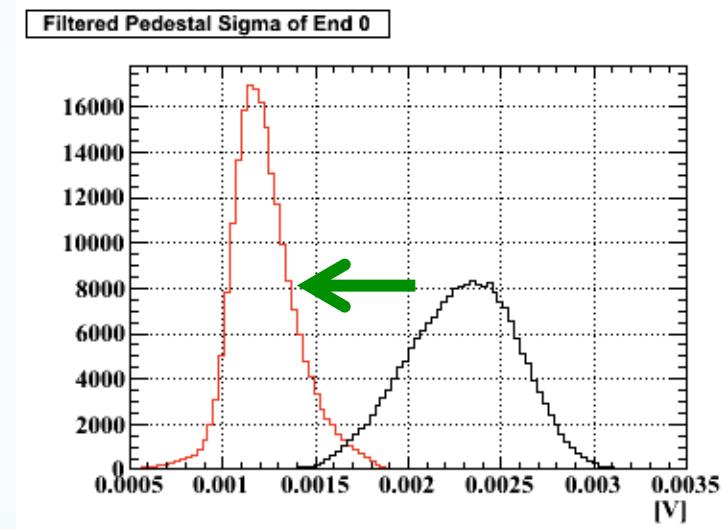
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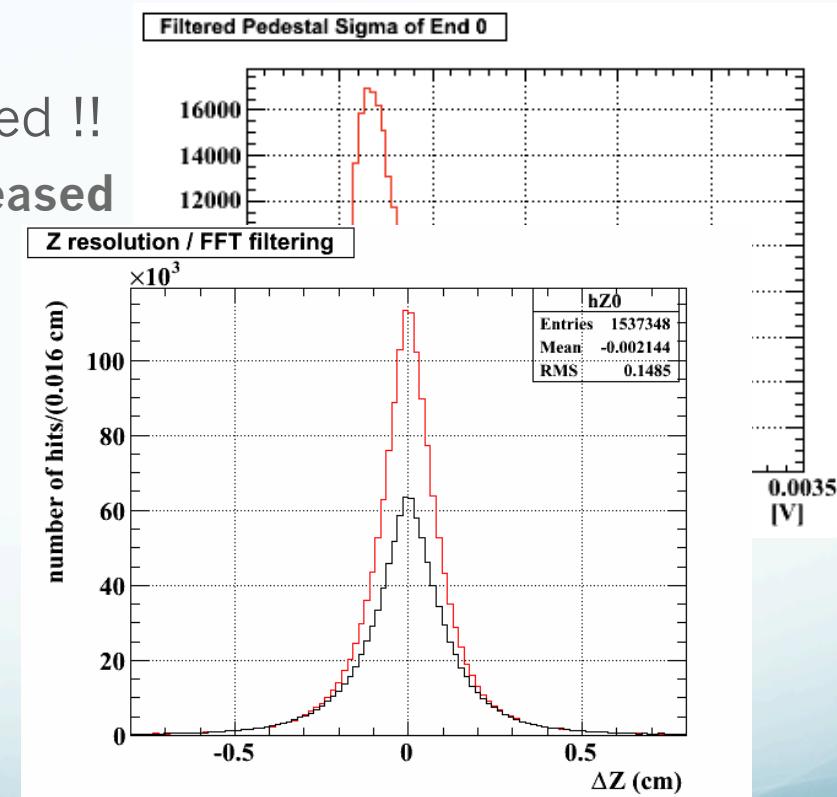
Noise reduction

- Thanks to offline noise filtering, twice better σ of pedestal realized ($2.4 \text{ mV} \rightarrow 1.2 \text{ mV}$)



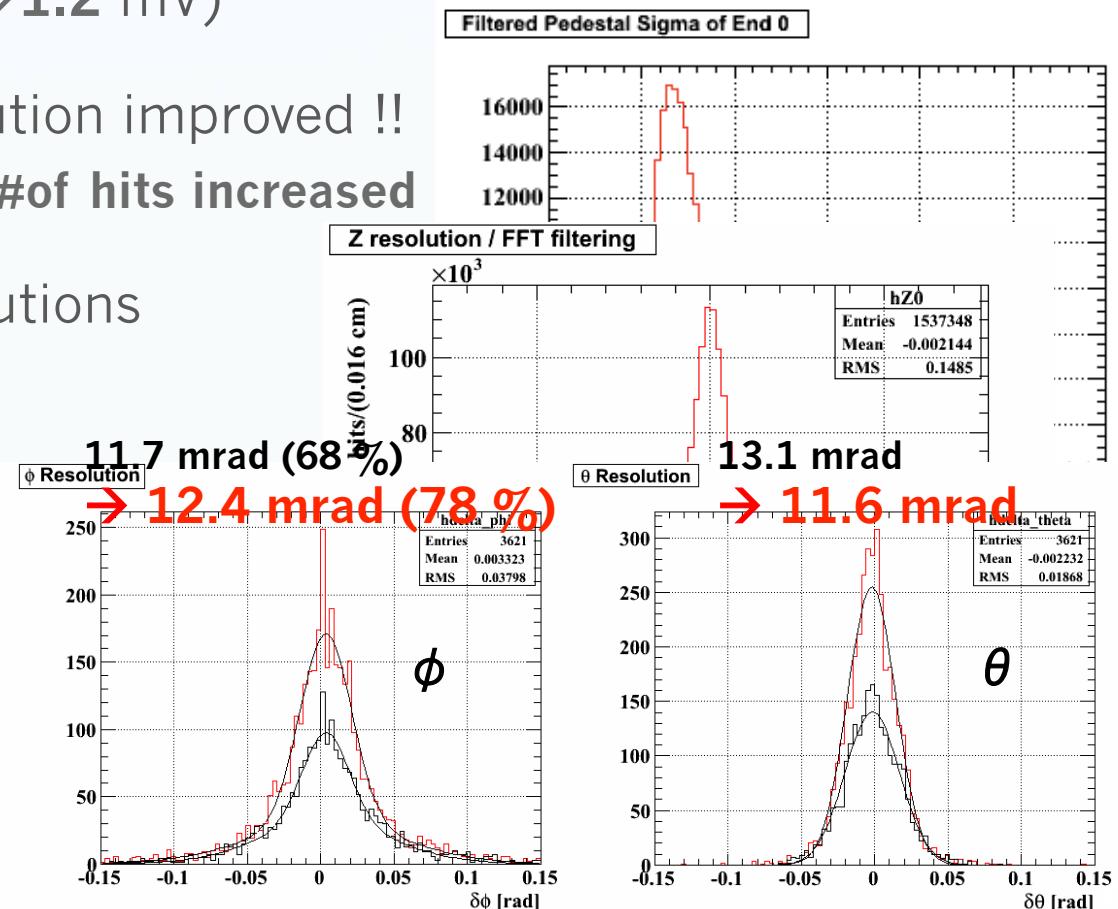
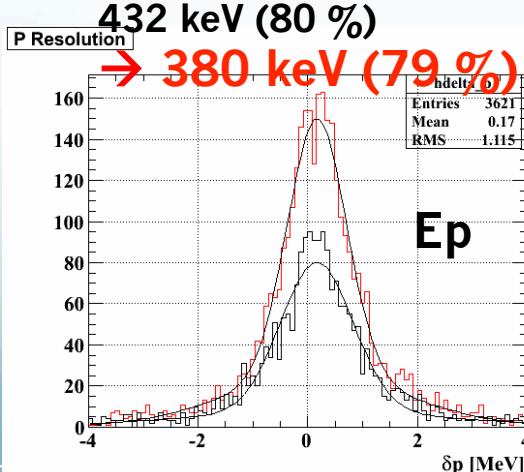
Noise reduction

- Thanks to offline noise filtering, twice better σ of pedestal realized ($2.4 \text{ mV} \rightarrow 1.2 \text{ mV}$)
- Single hit Z resolution improved !!
 - $758 \rightarrow 664 \text{ \mu m}$, #of hits increased



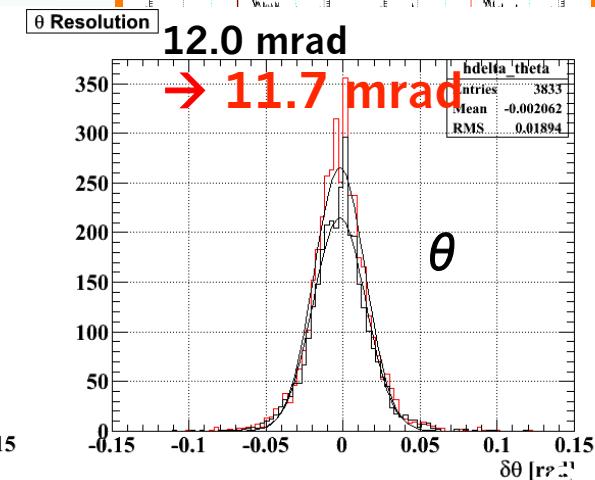
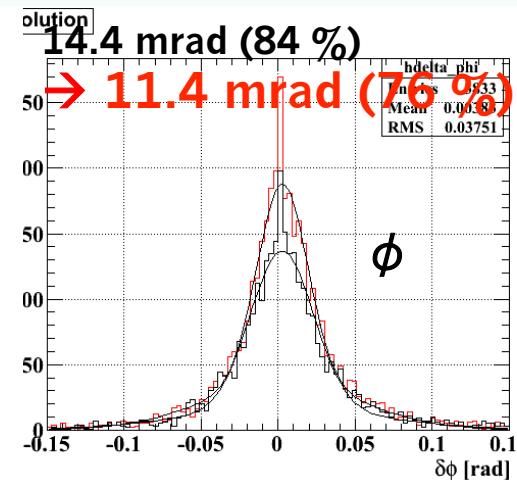
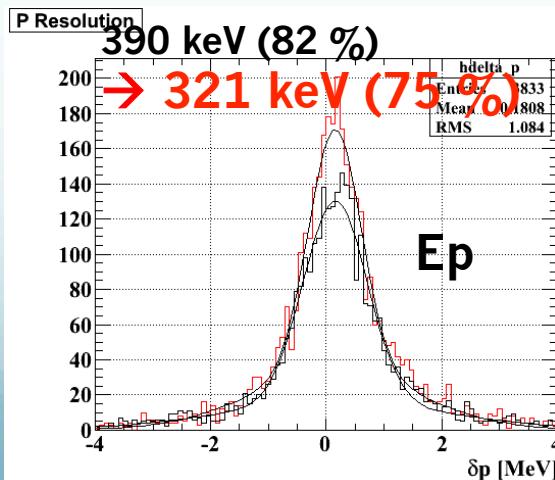
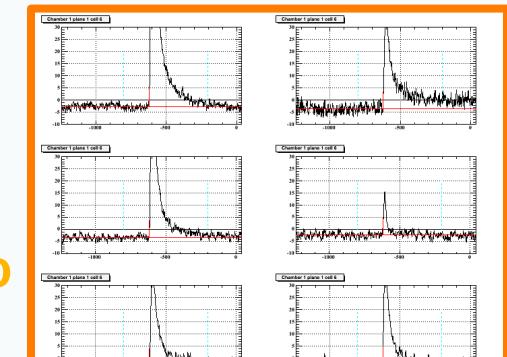
Noise reduction

- Thanks to offline noise filtering, twice better σ of pedestal realized (2.4 mV → **1.2** mV)
- Single hit Z resolution improved !!
 - 758** → **664** um, #of hits increased
- Efficiency & resolutions
 - Very good !**



Noise reduction

- Filtering for waveform in low noise condition
 - What happen if FFT filtering used in low noise condition ?
 - Single hit Z resolution
 - Only a few % better ($710 \rightarrow 697 \text{ um}$)
 - #of hits increased
 - Efficiency and resolutions improved, too**



Performance summary

- 2011 performance summary (Preliminary)
 - Only parts of data were analyzed
 - Correction for resolutions in 2011 not yet done
 - **Calibrations still ongoing**

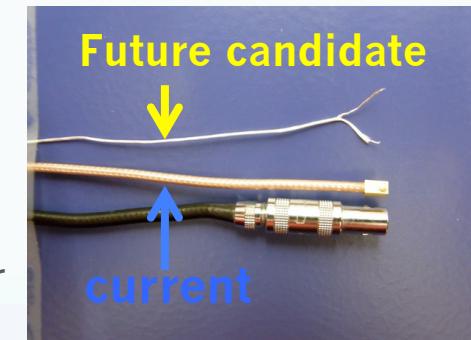
Preliminary !

	2010	2011 noisy	2011 low noise
Intrinsic Z (um)	668 (core 56 %)	664 (core 57 %)	697 (core 56 %)
Intrinsic R (um)	209 (core 66 %)	237 (core 65 %)	201 (core 68 %)
E_e (keV)	330 (core 79 %)	380 (core 79 %)	321 (core 75 %)
ϕ (mrad)	7.2 (core, $\phi=0$)	12.4 (core 78 %)	11.4 (core 76 %)
θ (mrad)	11.0	11.6	11.7
#of 2 turn e+	-	2499 → 4019	3184 → 3833

Summary and prospects

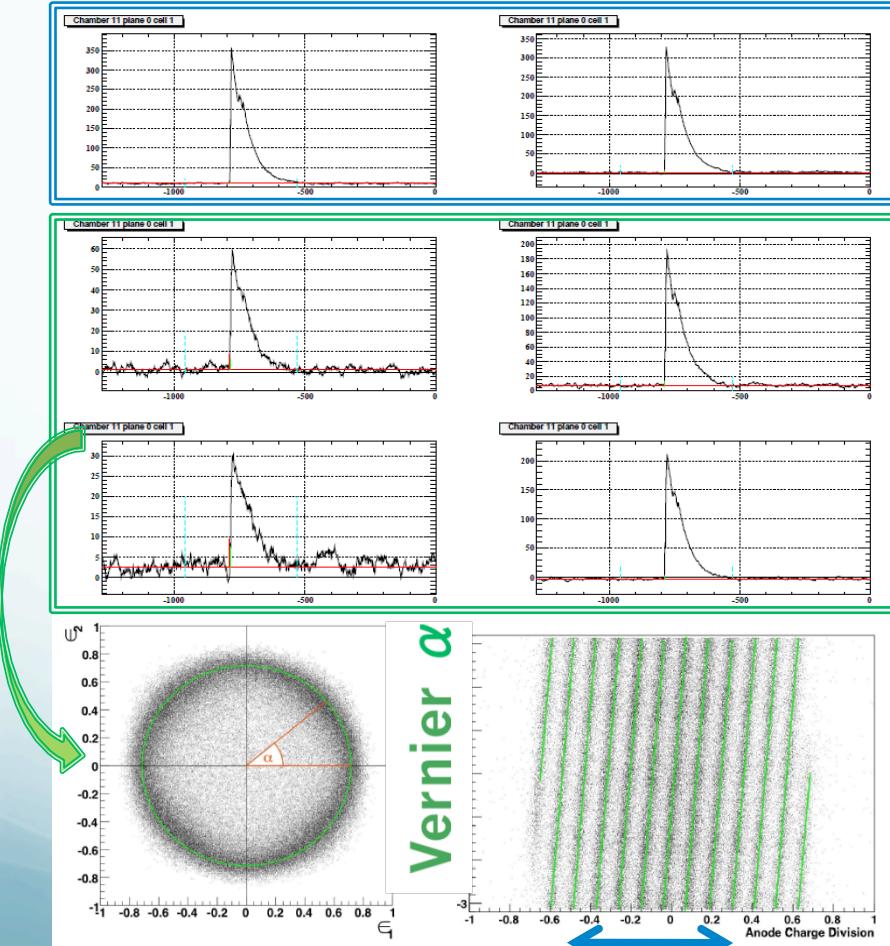
- Summary
 - **Thanks to FFT noise filtering, data quality of noisy runs achieved to the level of low noise situation !**
 - Further check needed
 - Transformation accuracy
 - Check with more data
 - Single hit R resolution

- Prospects
 - **Calibrations for the spectrometer in preparation now**
 - Better resolutions and efficiency expected
 - Monochromatic calibration source for the spectrometer
 - Mott scattering with e+ beam (energy tunable)
 - Hardware improvement for ε_e (\doteq reduce materials between DC and TC)
 - **Readout cable exchange to thinner one (40 % \rightarrow 50 + x %)**
 - According to changing cables, the support structure system for drift chambers will be updated



backup

Vernier method



Vernier α is defined as

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1}(\epsilon_1 / \epsilon_2)$$

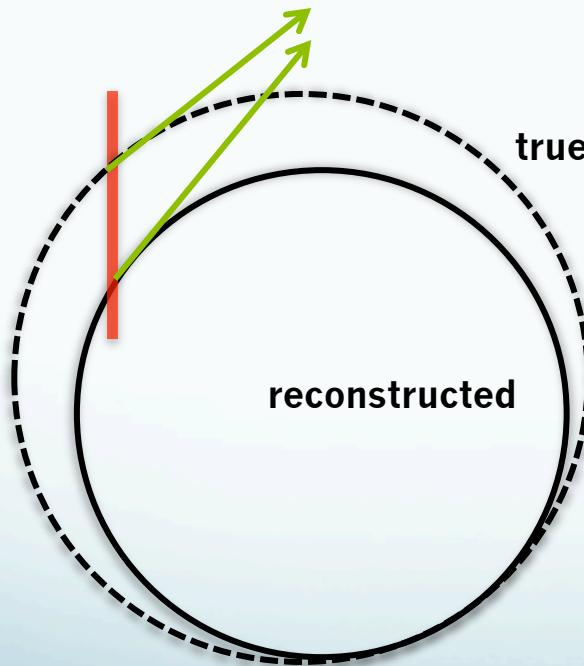
where

$$\epsilon_a = \frac{Q_U - Q_D}{Q_U + Q_D}.$$

- Compare α to reconstructed z position, we can decide z more precisely

Positron correlations

- Correlations



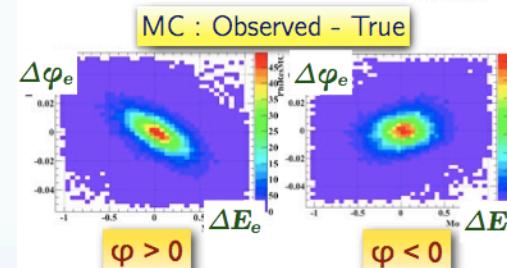
Case : $E^{\text{meas}} < E^{\text{true}}$

$\gamma^{\text{meas}} < \gamma^{\text{true}}$

$\phi^{\text{meas}} > \phi^{\text{true}}$

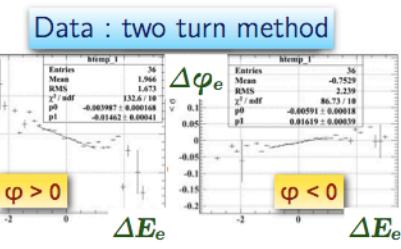
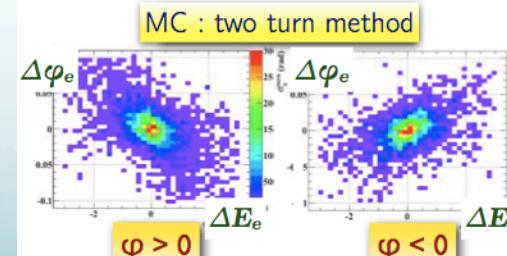
Correlations

e.g. $\Delta\varphi$ vs ΔE



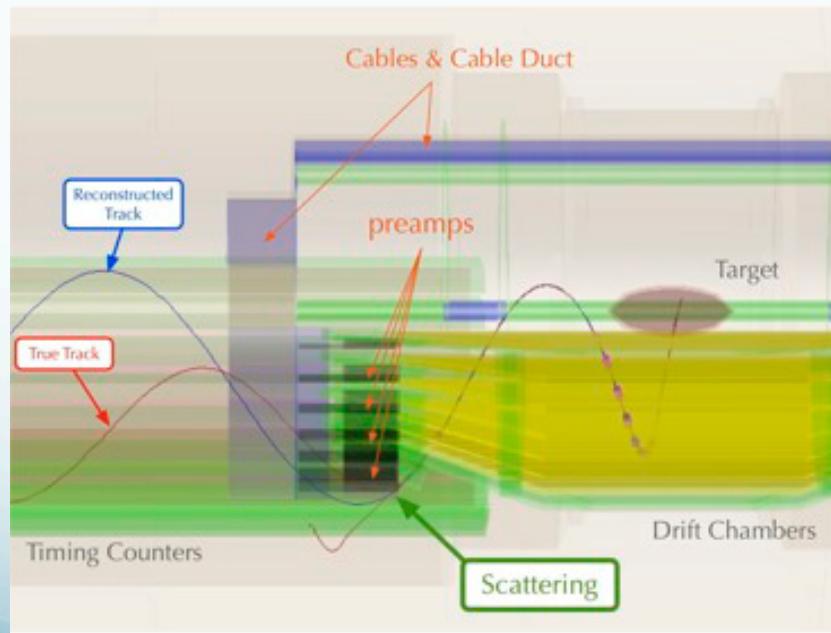
Many of correlations can be measured using data
Agreement with MC <10%

Large uncertainty 25% is assigned to un-measurable correlations

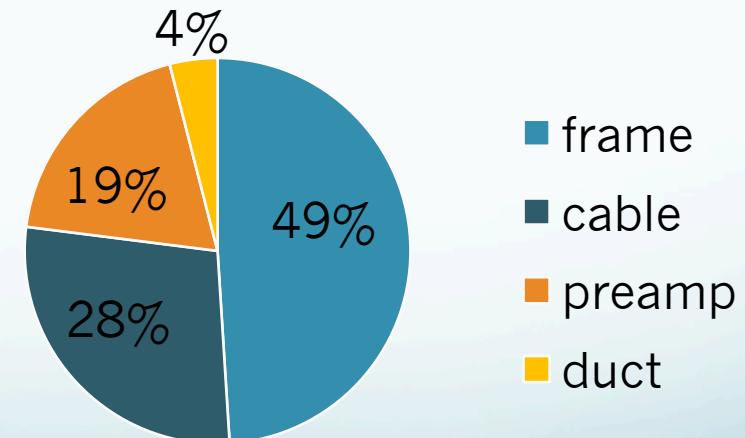


Efficiency

- Material between drift chambers and timing counters make lower efficiency because of multiple scattering

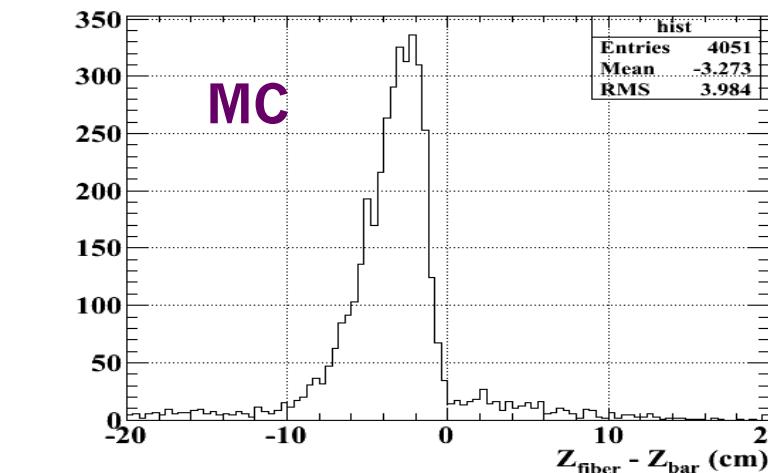
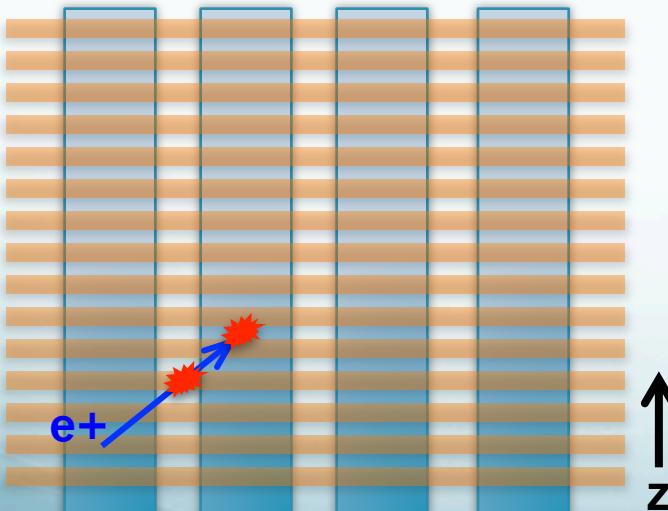


**Breakdown of
Inefficiency caused by
DC components**



Check for APD data

- Quality check for APD outputs
- **First step**
 - Matching between hit z at fiber and e+ track at timing counter bars
 - Only downstream of APDs are working now



Check for APD data

- Quality check for APD outputs
- **First step**
 - Matching between hit z at fiber and e+ track at timing counter bars → peak position is same, but large tail found
 - Only downstream of APDs are working now

