

γ beam test of the Liquid Xe calorimeter for the MEG experiment

MEG実験用液体 Xe カロリメータの γ ビームテスト

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I. MEG Experiment

- Detector Overview
- Liquid Xenon Calorimeter

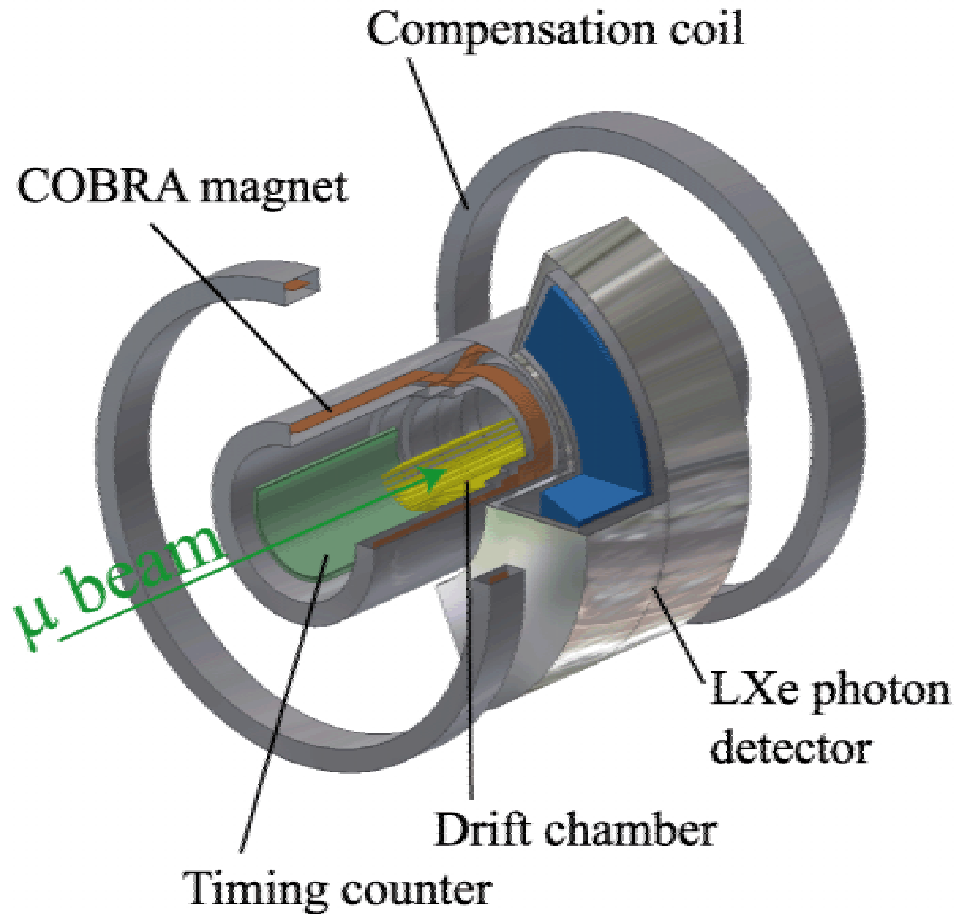
II. γ beam test

- γ beam test overview
- Beam test , using γ from LCS
- Beam test , using γ from Nuclear Reaction
- Other topics

III. Summary

I. MEG experiment

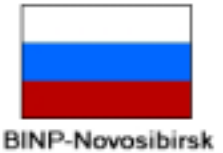
(The search experiment for $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ @ PSI)



- Sensitivity down to **BR $\sim 10^{-14}$**
- Most intense DC muon beam at PSI
- **Liquid xenon photon detector**
- Positron spectrometer with gradient magnetic field
- Thin superconducting magnet
- Positron tracker and timing counter

- **Engineering run will start in 2004**

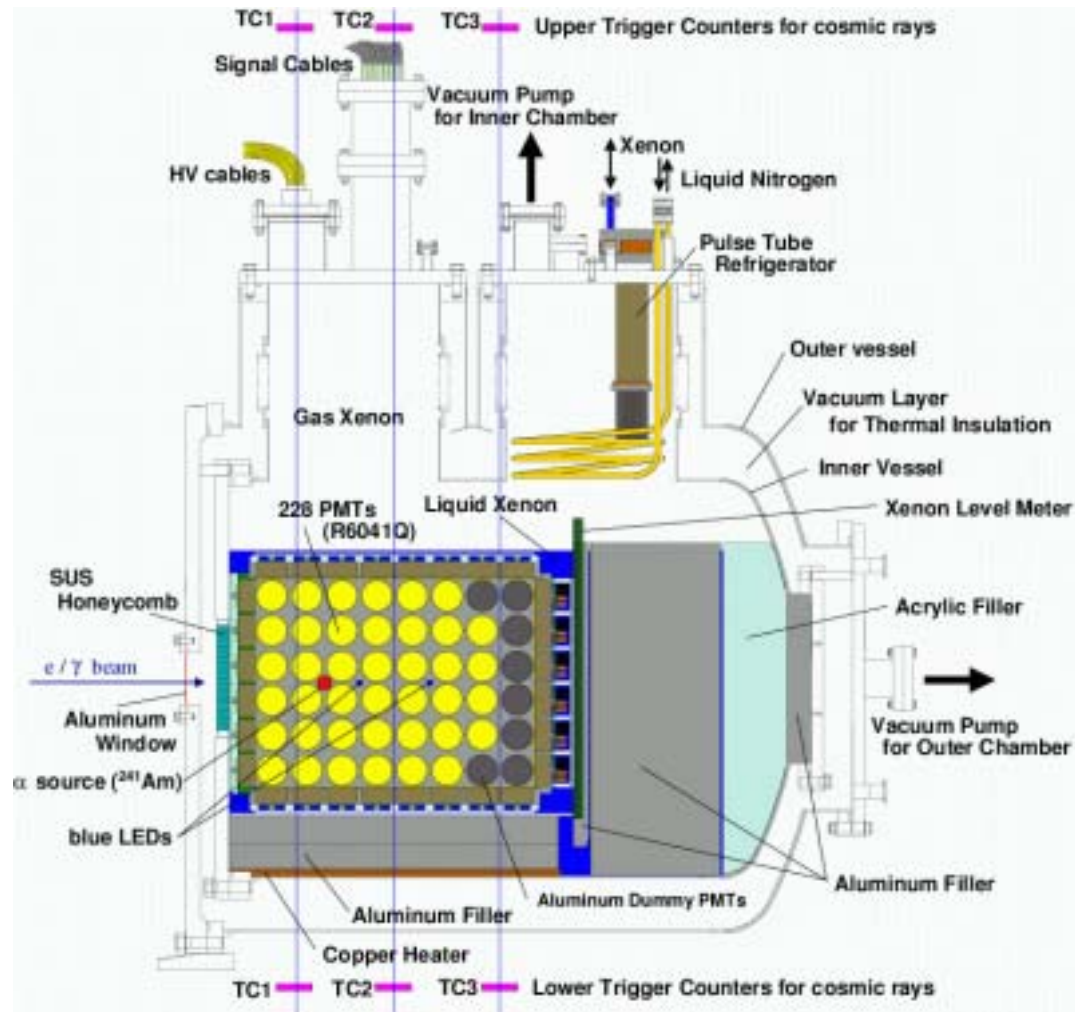
Collaboration



I. MEG experiment

Prototype detector

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@ Tohoku-gakuin



- 228 PMTs
- 110 Liter Liquid Xenon
(xenon active volume : 68.6 liter)
- check for the detector operation
- γ beam test up to 40 MeV
- absorption length measurement

II. γ beam test

■ Performance test

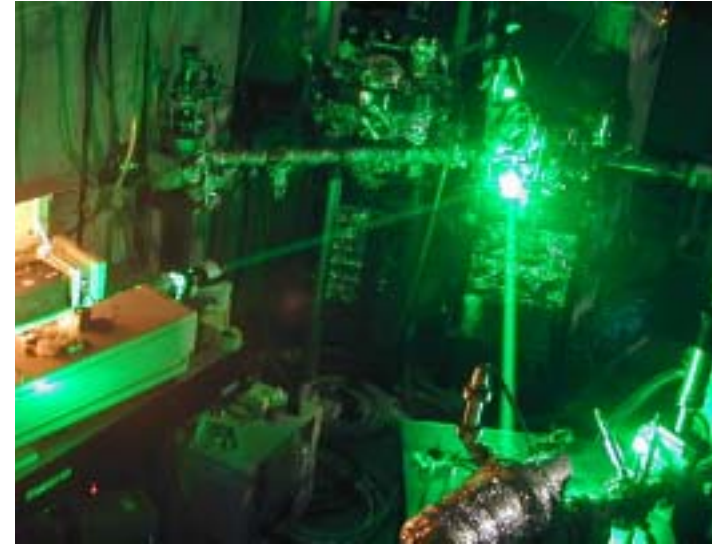
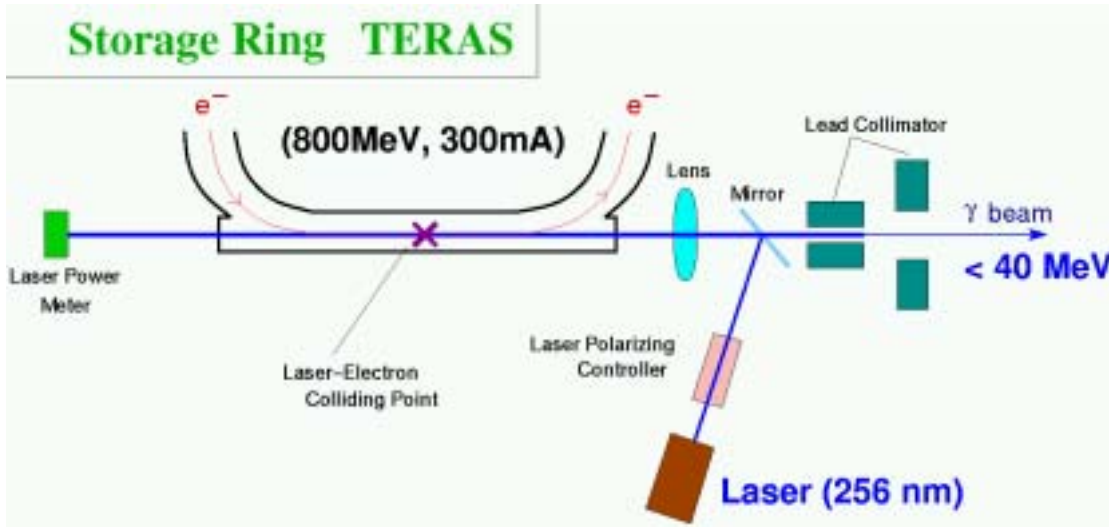
- ◆ Check the liquid xenon operation
- ◆ Check the detector components
- ◆ Check the detector stability
- ◆ **Check the detector resolution**
(Energy resolution , Position resolution , Timing resolution)

■ Energy calibration

- ◆ ~50MeV region (signal level)
- ◆ low ~ middle energy region

➤ **We want various energy γ beams**

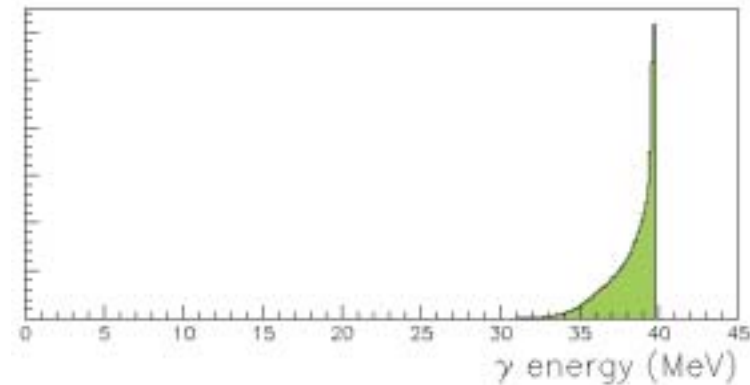
- Using Radio Isotope ($\sim 5\text{MeV}$)
(^{60}Co : 1.33MeV , ^{88}Y : 1.84MeV , Am/Be : **4.43 MeV**)
- Using Laser Compton Scattering ($20\text{MeV} \sim \text{GeV}$)
(TERAS @ AIST : **20MeV** , **40MeV** , and so on ...)
- Using Nuclear Reaction
 - $^7\text{Li}(p,\gamma)^8\text{Be}$: **17.6MeV** ($E_p=440\text{keV}$, $\sigma\sim 5\text{mb}$)
 - $^{11}\text{B}(p,\gamma)^{12}\text{C}$: **22.6MeV** ($E_p=7.2\text{MeV}$, $\sigma\sim 120\mu\text{b}$)
 - $^9\text{Be}(^3\text{He},\gamma)^{12}\text{C}$: **31.2MeV** ($E_{\text{He}}=6.5\text{MeV}$, $\sigma\sim 1.5\mu\text{b}$)and so on ...
- Using π^- beam (**$55 \sim 83\text{ MeV}$**)
(sharp edge of γ energy from $\pi^-p \rightarrow \pi^0n$ process)



TERAS : Electron storage ring at **AIST**
(National Institute of **A**dvanced **I**ndustrial **S**cience and **T**echnology)
(Old , Electrotechnical Laboratory , Bureau of Electrocommunications)

Laser Compton Scattering facility ;
2nd Laser : 20 MeV(max) γ beam obtained
4th Laser : 40 MeV(max) γ beam obtained

γ beam test has been performed



calculated γ beam energy spectrum at TERAS

Detector operation:

- All components of the detector worked well !

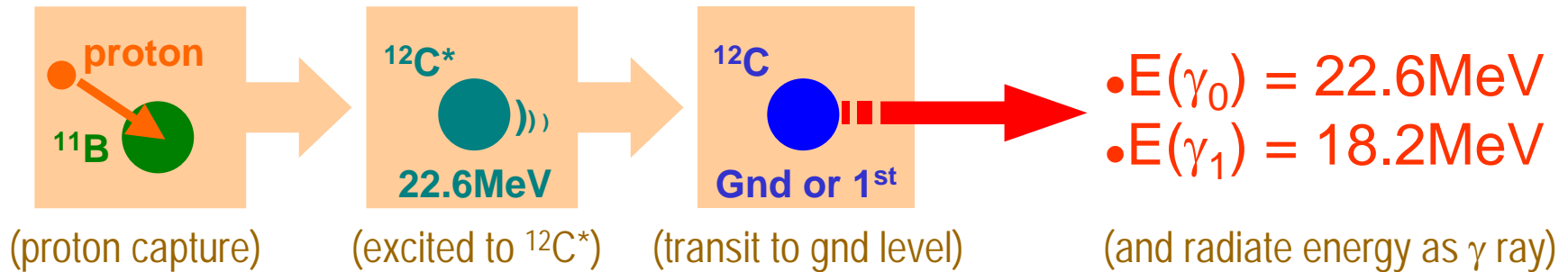
Resolution:

- Energy : worse ($\sigma_E = 1.4 \sim 2.0$ % expected)
- Position : $\sigma_x = 7.2 \sim 11.8$ mm ($\sigma_x = \sim 4$ mm expected)
(in FWHM respectively)

➤ Light absorption problem !!

- Absorption length increased , 7cm \rightarrow >3 m by Xenon purification
- New γ beam test planed @ TERAS in last October & February
- Unfortunately , accelerator trouble happened again and again !! ☹
- Next γ beam test will be performed in late April .

- Using γ beam from the nuclear reaction
- Example ; $^{11}\text{B}(p,\gamma)^{12}\text{C}$: **22.6MeV** ($E_p=7.2\text{MeV}$, $\sigma\sim 120\mu\text{b}$)



- Need to check something;
 - ◆ Rate
 - ◆ Backgrounds
 - ◆ Energy spread

Merits : various channels , easy
Demerits : low rate , backgrounds

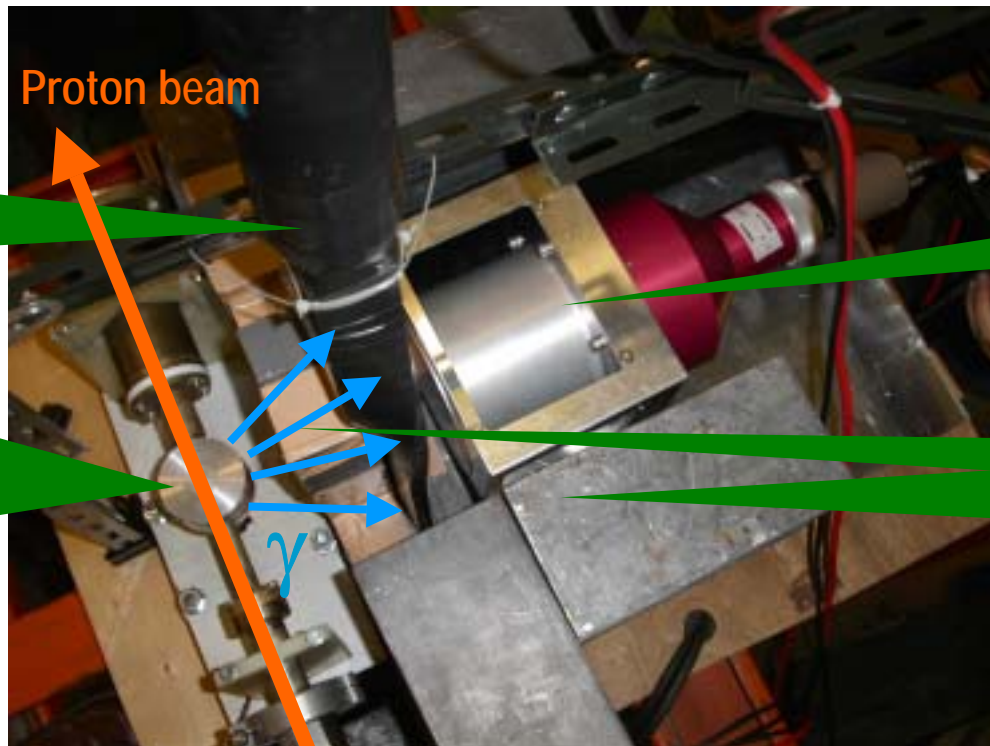
- Test experiment has been performed with NaI @ Tsukuba univ.

II. γ beam test

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γ beam test @ UTTAC , Tsukuba univ.

- Proton beam delivered by UTTAC
(University of Tsukuba : Tandem Accelerator Center)
- Boron powder target hardened with epoxy resin
- Counter : $\phi 5''$ x $t 5''$ NaI crystal with 5'' PMT
and 4 veto counters (up , right , left and front side)



Veto
counter

Scattering
Chamber
(target inside)

NaI counter

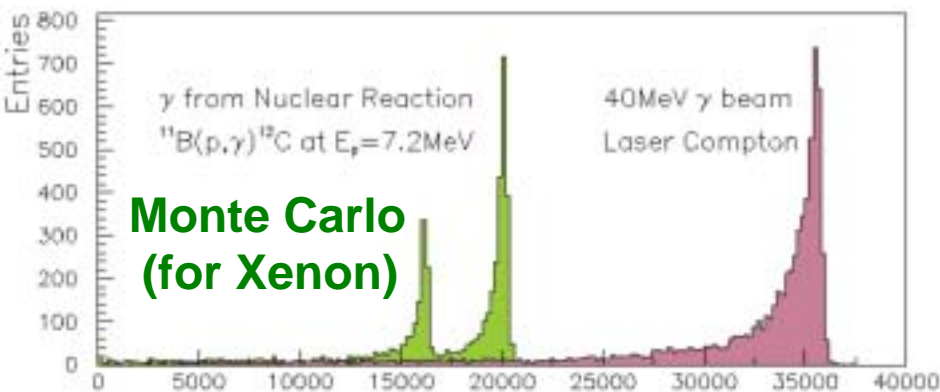
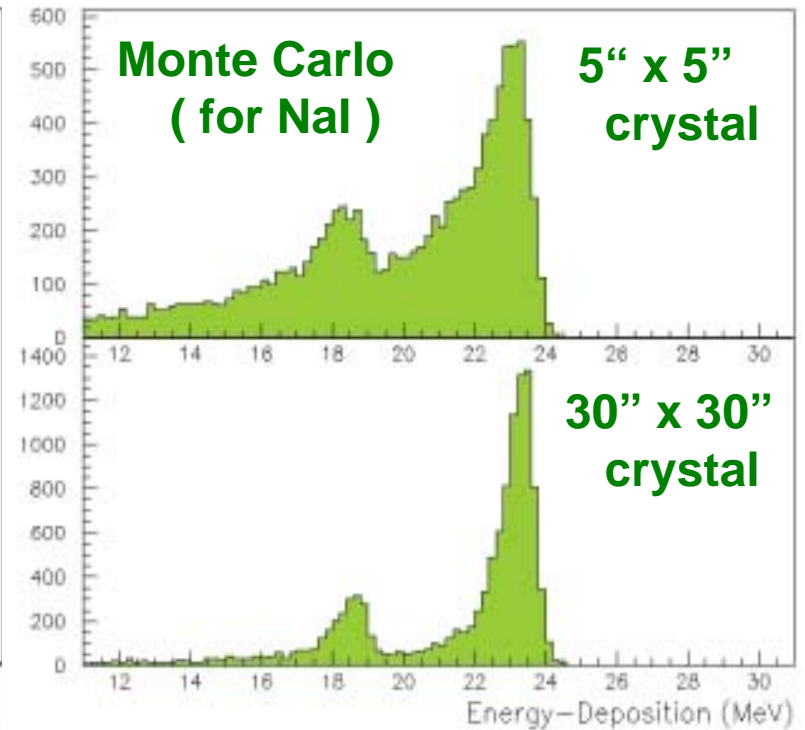
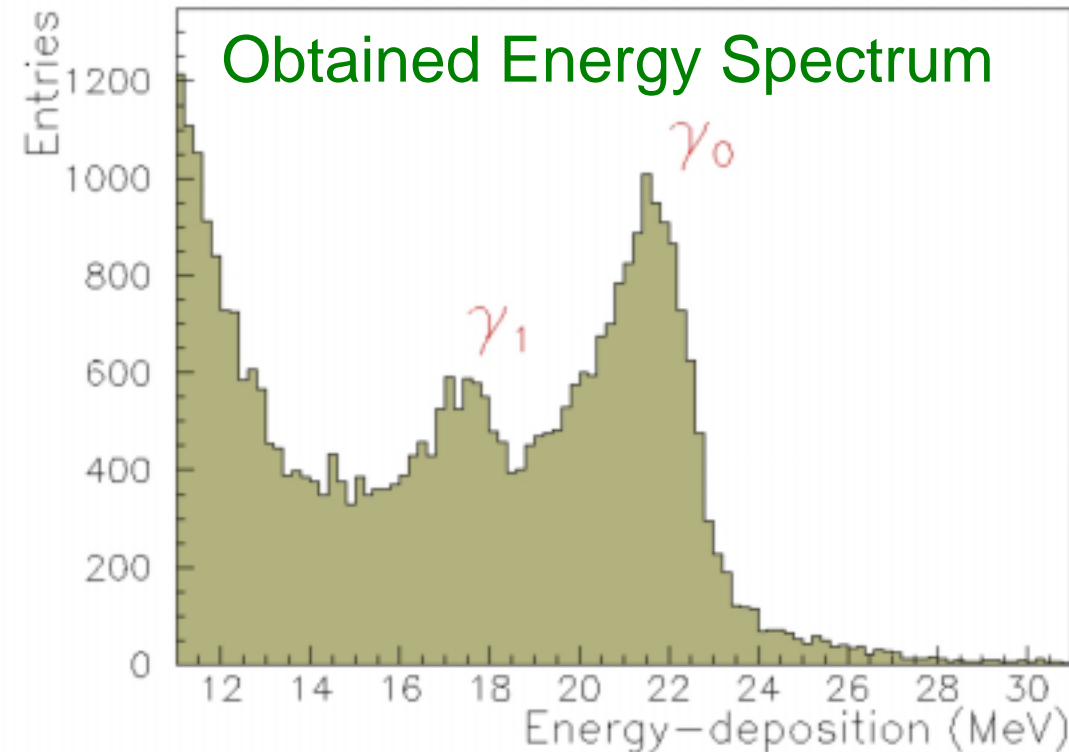
Pb shield and
collimator

Coverage : 0.13%

II. γ beam test

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Results of test experiment , using NaI



Counting rate : ~ 16Hz 😊

predicted rate : ~ 13Hz

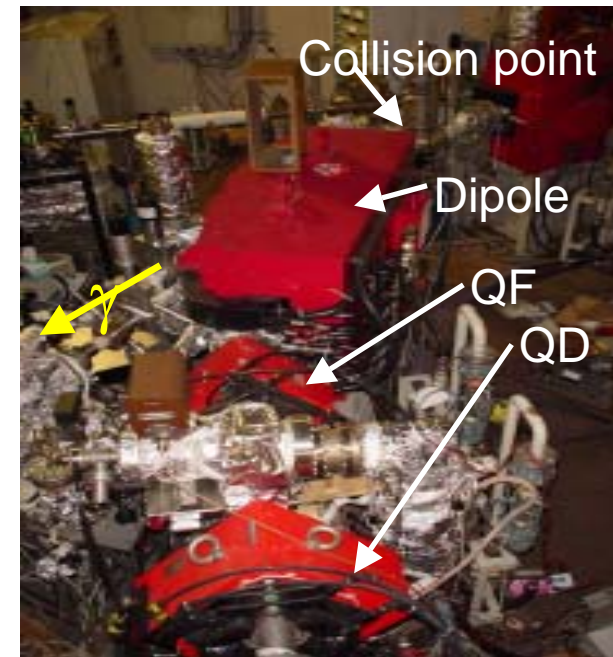
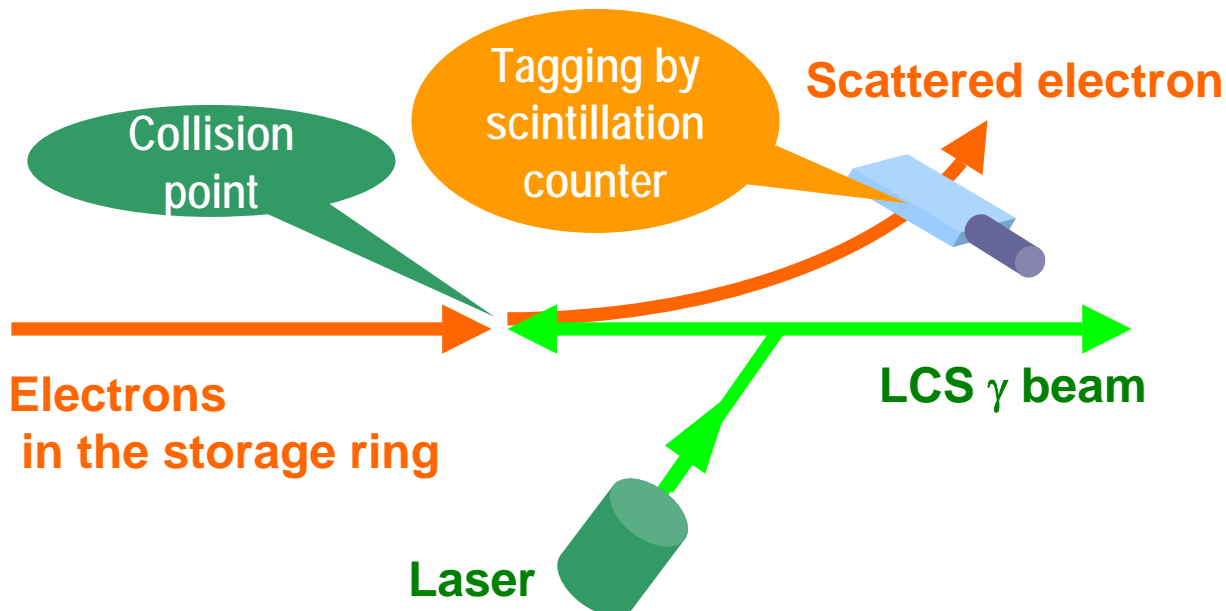
Backgrounds rate : 3Hz (0.3Hz after veto)

Problems : neutron BGs and other reactions

Next step : new target & using Xenon

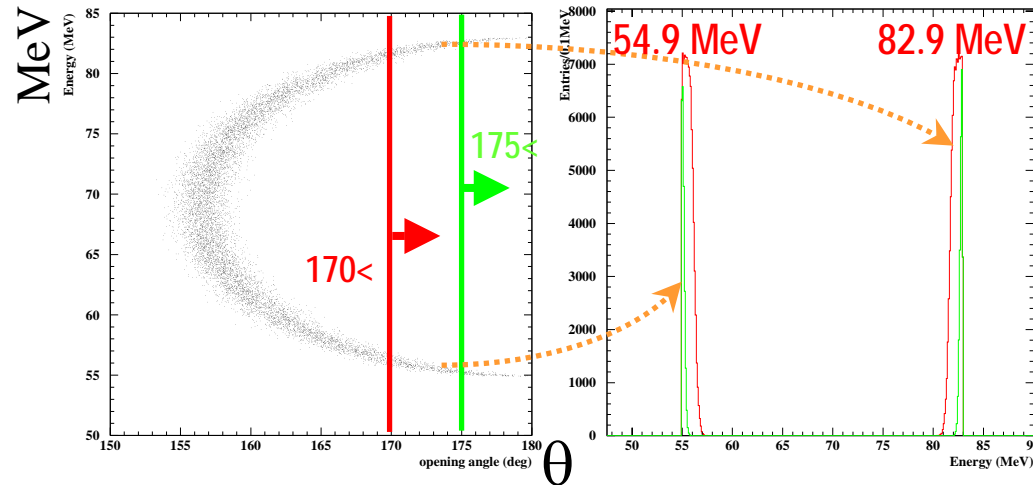
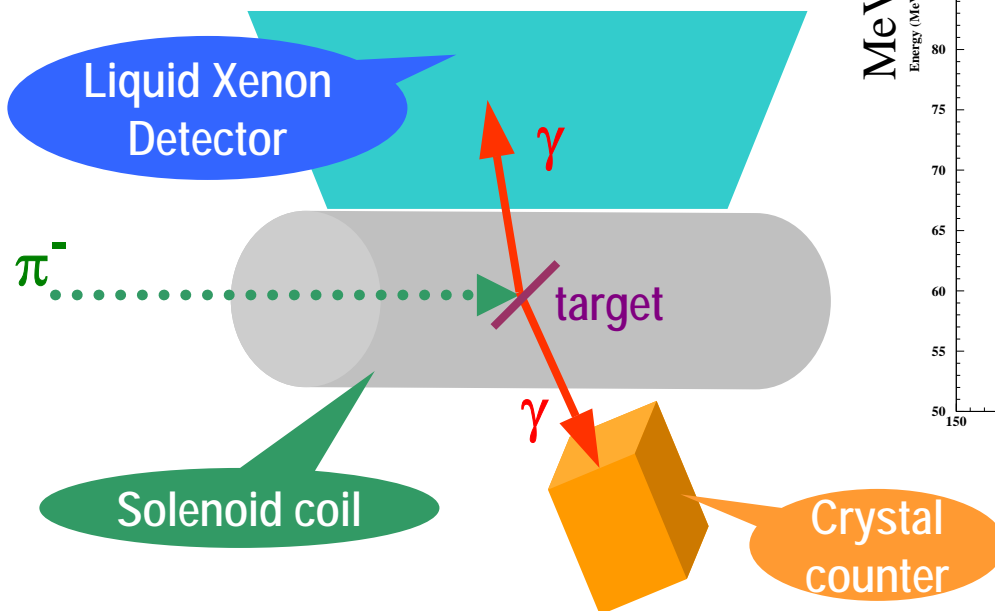
■ Timing resolution :

- We've never measured the timing resolution of the Liquid Xenon detector , using high energy γ beam .
- Tagged γ beam of the Laser Compton Scattering
(We plan this test on the next γ beam test @ TERAS)



■ Using π^- beam :

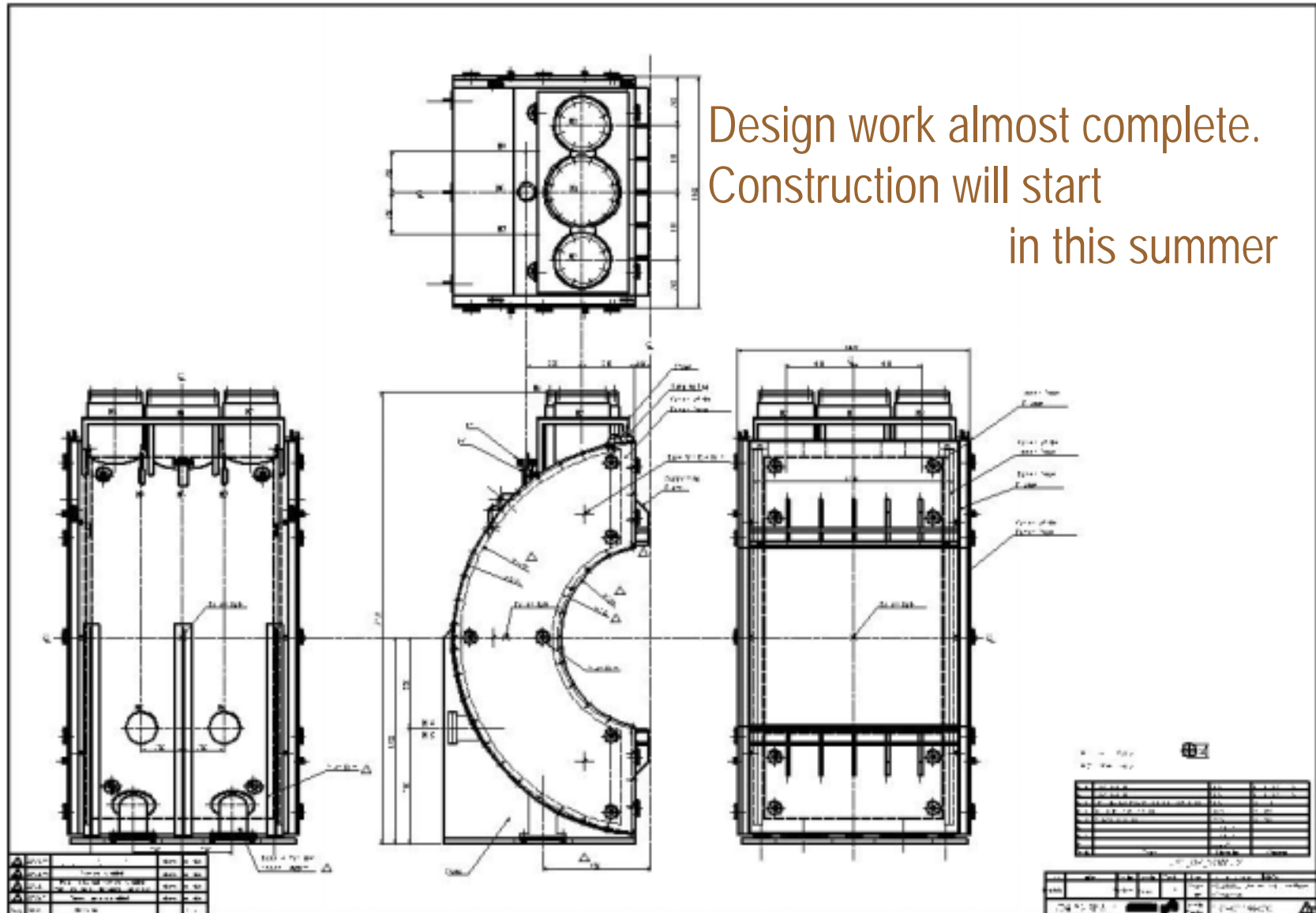
- We shall also make in-suit calibration runs with π^- beam (using the sharp edges of γ energy from $\pi^-p \rightarrow \pi^0n$ process)
- We plan this test in October @ PSI π E5 beam line (This beam test will be performed by prototype detector)



$$\pi^0(28\text{MeV}) \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$$

$$54.9 \text{ MeV} < E(\gamma) < 82.9 \text{ MeV}$$

Design work almost complete.
Construction will start
in this summer



- ◆ We plan the new $\mu \rightarrow e \gamma$ search experiment @ PSI and R&Ds are progressing now.
- ◆ Our γ beam test using prototype liquid xenon calorimeter @ TERAS has been suspended because of accelerator trouble , and the next γ beam will be carried out with many improvements in late April.
- ◆ We also tested using γ from the nuclear reaction @ UTTAC , and confirmed the γ beam function well.
- ◆ We plan some tests ;
 - April : 20 & 40 MeV LCS γ beam test @ TERAS
 - May : nuclear reaction γ beam test @ UTTAC
 - October : $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ beam test @ PSI